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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

layer;

1. (Previously Presented) A security protocol structure in an application layer of a Wireless Application Protocol (WAP) standard, comprising:

a secure session layer directly between a session layer including a wireless session protocol and an application layer including a wireless application environment;

a transaction layer including a wireless transaction protocol below the session layer;

a security layer including a wireless transport layer security below the transaction

a transport layer including a wireless datagram protocol below the security layer; and

a network layer below the transport layer,

wherein the secure session layer provides a data security function in the application layer, and includes a secured session layer security (SSLS) protocol to provide a secure session interface to an application program, and

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wherein secure communication is established between a server and a client using the SSLS protocol and without using a certificate or public/private key generation operation.

2-4. (Canceled).

- 5. (Original) The protocol structure of claim 1, wherein a shared secret value is stored by a client and a server, and wherein the shared secret value is a pre-master secret.
- 6. (Currently amended) A method of establishing a security protocol structure in an application layer of a Wireless Application Protocol (WAP) standard, comprising:

receiving a first message containing a client random value from a client; determining whether the first message is a valid message; extracting a pre-master secret from the first message; generating a specific server random value;

generating and transmitting a second message to the client to pass the server random value to the client;

generating a master secret in accordance with the extracted pre-master secret, client random value, and server random value;

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generating a key block in accordance with the master secret, client random value, and server random value;

generating from the key block an encryption key value for encryption and decryption algorithms and Message Authentication Code (MAC) algorithms;

generating a third message indicating that encryption is activated; and generating a fourth message to verify that the client has generated a client master secret identical to the master secret and to indicate that secured communication has been established between a server generating the server random value and the client,

wherein the security protocol structure comprises:

a secure session layer directly between a session layer including a wireless session protocol and an application layer including a wireless application environment;

a transaction layer including a wireless transaction protocol below the session layer;

a security layer including a wireless transport layer security below the transaction layer;

a transport layer including a wireless datagram protocol below the security layer; and

a network layer below the transport layer,

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wherein the secure session layer provides a data security function in the application layer, and includes a secured session layer security (SSLS) protocol to provide a secure session interface to an application program, and

wherein secure communication is established between a server and a client using the SSLS protocol and without using a certificate or public/private key generation operation.

- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the client random value is a client ID.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the pre-master secret is a shared pre-master secret, and wherein the server manages the shared pre-master secret corresponding to the first message in a database.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the first message is a user ID entered on a client terminal by a subscriber.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the fourth message is a Finished message, and is transmitted from a record layer.

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- 11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the Finished message is transmitted using the encryption key and MAC key values, and indicates that encrypted communications have been established.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the client computes values of the master secret, the key block, the encryption key, and the MAC key after receiving and processing the second message.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the third message is a ChangeCipherSpec message.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the encryption key is extracted from the key block in such a manner that a 16 byte client MAC key, 16 byte client encryption key, 8 byte client IV, 16 byte server MAC key, 16 byte server encryption key, and 8 byte server IV are sequentially allocated from the key block.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the first message and the second message comprise a Handshake message.

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16. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the Handshake message is formed by concatenating the first message and the second message.

17. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the second message is a ServerHello message, the third message is a ChangeCipherSpec message, and the fourth message is a Finished message, and wherein the second, third, and fourth messages are concatenated together to be transmitted to the client.

- 18. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the client verifies that encryption is activated after receiving and processing the third message.
 - 19. (Canceled).
- 20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 7, wherein a subscriber inputs the client ID into a wireless communications device to establish secure communications with a server using the Wireless Application Protocol (WAP).